

Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name XCell Diesel Injector One Shot

Product code XDIC-060 HSNO approval HSR002581

Approval description Fuel Additives (Combustible) Group Standard 2020

UN number 3082 DG class 9

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(contains naphtha petroleum)

Packaging group III Hazchem code 3Z

Uses Cleans Diesel Injector

Company Details

Company Xcell Products NZ
Address 71F Adams Drive,
Auckland.

New Zealand

Telephone +64 9 238 2389 [8:00 - 4:30 Mon to Fri]

+64 9 239 2399

Emergency Telephone Number: +64 21 930 795 (24 hours emergency only)
National Poison Centre NZ (24 hours): 0800 POISON [764 766]

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002581, Fuel Additives (Combustible) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classes

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid cat 4 H227 - Combustible liquid.

Aspiration cat 1 H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Eye irritant cat 2 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Chronic aquatic cat 2 H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SYMBOLS

DANGER







HSNO Classes Hazard Statements

3.1D H227 - Combustible liquid.

6.1E (aspiration) H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

6.4A H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

9.1B (chronic) H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

P210 - Keep away from ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

Page 1 of 7 September 2021



Safety Data Sheet

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Concentration
Naphtha (petroleum) Hydrotreated Heavy	64742-48-9	>80%
Hydrocarbons c10-c13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics <2% aromatics	64742-48-9	2.5-5%
2 Ethylhexan-1-ol	104-76-7	2.5-5%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy parrafinic	64742-54-7	1-2.5%
Ingredients not contributing to GHS classes	mixture	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

Exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. Rinse

mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Skin contact

Inhaled

This product is non-irritating to skin. No further measures should be required. IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON

CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: This product is a combustible liquid with a flashpoint of 65°C. This product has the Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam.

potential to cause fire or to create an additional hazard during fire.

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Unknown.

Unsuitable extinguishing substances:

Products of combustion:

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: 37



Safety Data Sheet

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

storm water.

Emergency procedures In the event of a large spillage (>10L) alert the fire brigade to location and give brief

description of hazard.

Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water

courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

PrecautionsWear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Containers (and outer packaging) must bear the prescribed labelling, including the Hazchem code, UN number, flammability warning and name of contents. Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

 NZ Workplace
 Ingredient
 WES-TWA
 WES-STEL

 Exposure Stds
 Oil, mist
 5mg/m³
 10mg/m³

 Naphtha petroleum
 No NZ WES – Manufacturers
 data unavailable

Recommendation: 171ppm, 1200mg/m³

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

General

Handling

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.



Safety Data Sheet

Skin

Respiratory

Protective gloves and clothing are not normally necessary. However, it is prudent to wear gloves when handling chemicals in bulk or for an extended period of time. A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance clear liquid

Odour mild petroleum odour

pH no data
 Vapour pressure no data
 Viscosity no data
 Boiling point no data
 Volatile materials no data
 Freezing / melting point no data

Solubility not soluble in water

Specific gravity / density 0.79

Flash point not specified
Danger of explosion no data
Auto-ignition temperature no data
Upper & lower flammable limits no not corrosive

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

heat and open flames.

Strong acids and bases and strong oxidisers.

Incompatible groups
Substance Specific

ubstance Specific none known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

products

Oxides of carbon.

Hazardous reactions none known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: the liquid may be aspired into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal. Ingestion may also be irritating to the gastrointestinal tract. Swallowing large amounts may affect nervous system (nausea, narcosis, dizziness, convulsions etc).

IF IN EYES: may cause mild transient eye irritation.

IF ON SKIN: may result in drying (defatting) of the skin with resultant non-allergic dermatitis.

IF INHALED: may cause dizziness and drowsiness (similar symptoms as if swallowed) See also chronic toxicity.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: prolonged skin contact may cause drying of the skin. Prolonged exposure to hydrocarbons can cause nerve damage (CNS) and affect the liver, kidneys and blood.

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is

>2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrotreated

>15000mg/kg (rat), 2-Ethylhexanol 600mg/kg (guinea pig).

Dermal Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture

is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrotreated

>3160 mg/kg (rabbit), 2-Ethylhexanol 1980mg/kg (rabbit).

Inhaled Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h. Data considered includes: naphtha petroleum, heavy,

hydrotreated >12mg/L (rat), 2-ethylhexanol 1.45mg/L (dust.mist).

The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant, because some of the ingredients present

are considered eye irritants in more concentrated form.

Page 4 of 7 September 2021

Eye



Safety Data Sheet

Skin The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant under GHS. May cause defatting of the

skin.

Chronic Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

MutagenicityNo ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.CarcinogenicityNo ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.Reproductive /No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

Aggravation of None known. existing conditions

12. Ecological Data

Summary

This substance is considered toxic to the aquatic environment with long lasting effect. Do not discharge this material into waterways, drain and sewers.

Supporting Data

Aquatic Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is between 1 and 10

mg/L. Data considered includes: naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrotreated 2200mg/L

(96hr, fish), 2.6 mg/L (96hr, Crustacea).

Bioaccumulation No data
Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate See acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrateNo evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no dat

Environmental effect levels No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

13. Disposal Considerations

RestrictionsThere are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal methodDisposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for

transport.

UN number: 3082 Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains naphtha petroleum)

Class(es)9Packing group:IIIPrecautions:Marine pollutant.Hazchem code:3Z



Safety Data Sheet

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002581, Fuel Additives (Combustible) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory

An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Required if > 1000L is stored.

Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 1000L is stored. Signage Required if > 1000L is stored.

Location compliance certificate

Flammable zone

Fire extinguisher

Not required.

Not required.

If > 500L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a

location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code Approval HSR002581, Fuel Additives (Combustible) Group Standard 2020 Controls,

EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC50 Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

LC₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% − concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

STOT RE System Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
STOT SE System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UELUpper Explosive LimitUN NumberUnited Nations Number

Page 6 of 7 September 2021



Product Name: XCell Diesel Injector One Shot

Safety Data Sheet

WES

Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Data

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS, EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

Review

Date Reason for review

September 2021 Not applicable – new SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO and GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

