

Safety Data Sheet

### 1. Identification of Substance & Company

**Product** 

Product name Xcell General Purpose Cleaner

Product code XGPC HSNO approval HSR002530

Approval description Cleaning Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020

UN number NA
DG class NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA

**Uses** Water based cleaning

**Company Details** 

**Company:** Xcell Products NZ Address: X1F Adams Drive,

Auckland, New Zealand

**Phone:** +64 9 238 2389 [8:00 - 4:30 Mon to Fri]

**Fax:** +64 9 239 2399

Emergency Telephone Number: +64 21 930 795 (24 hours emergency only)
National Poison Centre NZ (24 hours): 0800 POISON [764 766]

### 2. Hazard Identification

#### **Approval**

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval Cleaning Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020, HSR002530). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

## GHS Classes

### Hazard Statements

Skin irritant cat 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Eye corrosive cat 1 H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

SYMBOLS

## **DANGER**



HCNO elegano	Hazard Ctatament
HSNO classes	Hazard Statement

6.3A8.3AH315 - Causes skin irritation.H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

### **Precautionary Statements**

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician."

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

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## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Dobanic (dodecyl benzene sulphonic acid)	27176-87-0	1-7%
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	<0.75%
Triethylamine	121-44-8	<0.75%
Coconut Diethanolamide Cocomide DEA	68603-42-9	<0.5%
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	<0.1%
Ingredients not contributing to GHS classes	mixture	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

#### 4. First Aid

#### **General Information**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

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Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse

mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or

doctor/physician.

**Skin contact** IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

**Inhaled**Generally, inhalation of fumes/vapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse health

effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the

side) for transport and contact a doctor.

#### **Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically

## 5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Products of combustion:

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

alcohol resistant foam. Unknown.

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

**Protective equipment:** Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: NA

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Containment** If greater than >10000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to

manage any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent

discharge to storm water.

Emergency procedures In the event of a large spillage (>100L) alert the fire brigade to location and give brief

description of hazard.

Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any

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spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your

regional council immediately).

Clean-up method Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

**Precautions** Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

## Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

> Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye

contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

## **Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment**

#### Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

**NZ Workplace** Ingredient **Exposure Stds** sodium hydroxide

triethylamine diethanolamine **WES-TWA** Ceiling 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 3ppm, 12mg/m<sup>3</sup>

3ppm/13mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**WES-STEL** data unavailable 5ppm, 20mg/m<sup>3</sup> data unavailable

### **Engineering Controls**

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



Protect eyes with goggles, safety glasses or full face mask. Avoid wearing contact lenses. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin



Avoid any skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking.

Respiratory

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with a dust/mist filter. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

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#### **WES Additional Information**

Not applicable

## 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance pink liquid pine fragrance

pH 10.5
Vapour pressure no data
Viscosity no data
Boiling point no data
Volatile materials no data
Freezing / melting point no data

Solubility soluble in water

Specific gravity / density 0.99

Flash point non flammable no data
Auto-ignition temperature no data
Upper & lower flammable limits
Corrosiveness non corrosive

### 10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

heat and open flames.

Oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

Incompatible groups Strong acids, strong oxidisers (e.g. bleach)

Substance Specific none known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hazardous reactions none known

### 11. Toxicological Information

### **Summary**

IF IN EYES: may cause eye damage. IF ON SKIN: may cause skin irritation.

Dermal

#### **Supporting Data**

**Acute** Oral Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is

>2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Dodecyl benzene sulphonic acid 404-1470 mg/kg body weight (rat), triethylamine 460mg/kg (rat), diethanolamine 680mg/kg (rat). Using  $LD_{50}$ 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture

is >2000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: sodium hydroxide 1349 mg/kg, triethylamine

420mg/kg (rabbit).

Inhaled Using  $LD_{50}$ 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h.

Eye The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the eye, because some of the ingredients (Dodecyl benzene sulphonic acid) present at >3% are considered eye corrosives.

Skin The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant, because some of the ingredients present

are considered skin irritants in more concentrated form.

**Chronic** Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

Mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive /
No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.
No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.
No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

**Developmental** developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions



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## 12. Ecological Data

#### Summary

This mixture is not considered ecotoxic. In all cases prevent the run-off of undiluted product to drains, sewers and waterways.

#### **Supporting Data**

Aquatic Using EC<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the calculated EC<sub>50</sub> for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. Data

considered includes: Dodecyl benzene sulphonic acid 1 mg/l (Cod (Gadus morhua)), 5.88

mg/l (48hr, Daphnia magna), 0.9 mg/litre (algal), triethylamine 43.7mg/l (96hr,

Pimephales promelas (Fish, fresh water)), Coconut Diethanolamide Cocomide DEA 3.6 mg/l (96hr, Brachydanio rerio (Fish, fresh water), 2.25 mg/l (48hr, Ceriodaphnia dubia), 2.2 mg/l (96hr, Scenedesmus subspicatus (Algae)), diethanolamine 28.8ml/L (48hr

(Ceriodaphnia dubia), 7.8 mg/l (72hr, Scenedesmus subspicatus).

Bioaccumulation No data
Degradability No data

**Soil** No evidence of soil toxicity.

**Terrestrial vertebrate** See acute toxicity.

**Terrestrial invertebrate** No evidence of ecotoxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

**Biocidal** no data

**Environmental effect levels** No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

## 13. Disposal Considerations

**Restrictions** There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

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reuse or recycle packaging.

## 14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number: NA Proper shipping name: NA Class(es) NA Packing group: NA Precautions: NA Hazchem code: NA



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## 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO), Approval code: Cleaning Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020, HSR002530. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

#### **Specific Controls**

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity. An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained. Inventory Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including

substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use

or have been supplied

Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017. Labelling

Emergency plan Required if > 10000L is stored.

Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 10000L is stored. Required if > 1000L is stored. Signage

Location compliance certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Not required. Fire extinguisher

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

#### Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

## 16. Other Information

#### **Abbreviations**

Approval Cleaning Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020, HSR002530, **Approval Code** 

Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number **CAS Number** 

Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test EC<sub>50</sub>

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand) **EPA** 

**GHS** Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

**HAZCHEM Code** Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

**HSNO** Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

**IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer

**LEL** Lower Explosive Limit

 $LD_{50}$ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats). LC<sub>50</sub>

Lethal Concentration 50% - concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

**NZIoC** New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or **STEL** 

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

STOT RE System Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT SE System Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day **TWA** 

(usually 8 hours)

Upper Explosive Limit **UN Number** United Nations Number

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**WES** 

Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

#### References

Data

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS, EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

Review

Date Reason for review

September 2021 Not applicable – new SDS

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO and GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.



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