

Safety Data Sheet

#### **Identification of Substance & Company**

#### **Product**

**Product name** Xcell Fluorescent Spray Paint Range

Product code XP130-XP132 **HSNO** approval HSR002515

**Approval description** Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020

**UN number** 1950 DG class 2.1 **Proper Shipping Name AEROSOL** Packaging group Ш Hazchem code NA

Spray Paints Uses

#### **Company Details**

Company **Xcell Products NZ Address** 71F Adams Drive, Auckland,

New Zealand

**Telephone** +64 9 238 2389 [8:00 - 4:30 Mon to Fri]

Fax +64 9 239 2399

> Emergency Telephone Number: +64 21 930 795 (24 hours emergency only) National Poison Centre NZ (24 hours): 0800 POISON [764 766]

#### **Hazard Identification**

#### **Approval**

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002515, Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

#### **GHS 7 Classes Hazard Statements**

Aerosol cat 1 H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Eye irritant cat 2 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. STOT SE cat 3 H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aquatic chronic cat 3 H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **SYMBOLS**





#### **GHS 7 Classes Hazard Statements**

2.1.2A H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

6.4A H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. 6.9B (narcotic) H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

9.1C (chronic) H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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#### **Precautionary Statements**

P103 - Read label before use.

P210 - Keep away from ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapours/spray.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P410 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

#### **Composition / Information on Ingredients**

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Butyl acetate	123-86-4	7-15%
Acetone	67-64-1	10-30%
Butane	106-97-8	10-30%
Petroleum distillates	8032-32-4	10-30%
Propane	74-98-6	10-30%
Ingredients not contributing to GHS classes	Mixture	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

#### First Aid

#### **General Information**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

**Exposure** 

Inhaled

**Swallowed** IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse

mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

> advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**Advice to Doctor** 

Treat symptomatically



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### Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: This product is a flammable aerosol. This product has the potential to cause fire or to

create an additional hazard during fire.

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Unknown.

Products of combustion:

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

**Protective equipment:** Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: NA

#### **Accidental Release Measures**

Containment If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

storm water.

**Emergency procedures** In the event of a large spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description

of hazard. Shut off all possible sources of ignition.

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure.

Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain spill. Prevent by whatever means

possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses.

If spray or gas escapes, increase ventilation.

Clean-up method Collect product and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If

contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency

services.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

**Precautions** Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapour. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

#### Storage & Handling

Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Storage

Store in original container. Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from heat. Keep away from direct sunlight. Do not open by force or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or red-hot objects. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye

contact and inhalation of vapour.

#### **Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment**

#### **Workplace Exposure Standards**

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

**NZ Workplace** Ingredient **Exposure Stds** 

Butyl acetate Acetone

Propane

Butane Petroleum distillates **WES-TWA** 

150ppm, 713mg/m<sup>3</sup> 500ppm, 1185mg/m<sup>3</sup> 800ppm 1900mg/m<sup>3</sup>

300ppm (US) simple asphyxiant

200ppm, 950mg/m<sup>3</sup> 1000ppm, 2375 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

NA

400ppm (US)

NA



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#### **Engineering Controls**

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

#### General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin

Protective gloves are recommended. Nitrile rubber, NBR gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge and dust/mist filter. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

#### Respiratory



#### **WES Additional Information**

Not applicable

#### **Physical & Chemical Properties**

**Appearance** coloured spray Odour solvent odour Hq no data Vapour pressure no data **Viscosity** no data **Boiling point** >65°C Volatile materials no data Freezing / melting point no data Solubility no data Specific gravity / density no data Flash point  $0^{\circ}C$ Danger of explosion no data **Auto-ignition temperature** no data **Upper & lower flammable limits** no data Corrosiveness non corrosive

#### 10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Flammable substance. Keep away from sources of ignition at all times. Containers should

be kept closed in order to avoid contamination.

Incompatible groups Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids and bases

**Substance Specific** none known Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hazardous reactions

oxides of carbon

Heating aerosol can result in increase pressure and possible danger of explosion.

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#### 11. Toxicological Information

#### Summary

IF IN EYES: the liquid may cause serious eye irritation.

IF ON SKIN: may result in mild skin irritation and drying (defatting) of the skin with resultant non-allergic dermatitis.

IF INHALED: may cause dizziness and drowsiness.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: High concentrations of petroleum distillates can cause dizziness and drowsiness.

**Supporting Data** 

Acute Oral Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is

>5,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: butyl acetate 3200 mg/kg (rabbit), Acetone

3000 mg/kg (mouse).

Dermal Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture

is >5000 mg/kg.

Inhaled Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h. Data considered includes: butyl acetate 2 mg/l (rat, dust/mist),

butane LC<sub>50</sub> (Inhalation): 658 g/m<sup>3</sup>/4 hours (rat).

Eye The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant, because some of the ingredients present

are considered eye irritants in more concentrated form.

The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant. Skin

Chronic Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Carcinogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen. Reproductive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

**Systemic** No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions

#### 12. Ecological Data

#### Summary

This mixture may be harmful towards aquatic organisms with long lasting effect.

#### **Supporting Data**

Aquatic Using EC<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the calculated EC<sub>50</sub> for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. Data

considered includes: butyl acetate 18 mg/l (96hr, Fathead minnow), 32 mg/l (48hr, Brine

shrimp).

**Bioaccumulation** No data Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate This mixture is not considered harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

**Biocidal** no data

**Environmental effect levels** No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

#### 13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should

be sought from the Regional Authority.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12.

Send empty aerosol can to landfill or similar. Do not puncture or incinerate.



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#### 14. Transport Information

#### **New Zealand Land Transport:**

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for transport.

**UN number:** 1950 Proper shipping name: **AEROSOLS** Class(es): 2.1 Packing group: Not applicable

**Precautions:** Flammable aerosol Hazchem code: 3Y

IMDG:

**UN number:** 1950 Proper shipping name: AFROSOLS. Class(es) 2.1 Packing group: Not applicable **Precautions:** Flammable aerosol EMS: F-D, S-U

ΙΔΤΔ:

**UN number:** 1950 Proper shipping name: **AEROSOLS** Class(es) 2.1 Packing group: Not applicable

**Precautions:** Flammable aerosol Guide number: 203

#### 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002515, Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

#### **Specific Controls**

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained. Inventory Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Required if > 1000L is stored. Emergency plan

Certified handler Not required. Not required. Tracking

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 1000L is stored. Signage Required if > 1000L is stored. Location compliance certificate Required if > 3000L is stored.

Flammable zone Must be established if > 3000L is stored.

Fire extinguisher If > 3000L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

#### Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

#### 16. Other Information

#### **Abbreviations**

Approval HSR002515, Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020 Controls, EPA. **Approval Code** 

www.epa.govt.nz

**CAS Number** Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test EC<sub>50</sub>

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand) **EPA** 

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GHS Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7<sup>th</sup> revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

**HAZCHEM Code** Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

International Agency for Research on Cancer

**LEL** Lower Explosive Limit

**LD**<sub>50</sub> Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

**LC**<sub>50</sub> Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

MSDS (SDS)

Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

**STOT RE**System Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
STOT SE
System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

#### References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS, EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

#### Review

DateReason for reviewJuly 2021Not applicable – new SDS

#### Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO and GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

